

1. Contributions

1. Proposing **context modulation** in the conditional coding-based framework to generate high-quality temporal context exploiting the reference information in both pixel and feature domain.
2. Proposing **flow orientation** to mine inter-frame correlation between the reference frame and prediction frame.
3. Proposing **context compensation** to modulate the propagated temporal context with oriented context.
4. **SOTA compression performance** compared with both H.266/VVC (22.7%) and previous SOTA neural video codec DCVC-FM (10.1%).

2. Motivation and Analysis

I. Motivation

1. Previous conditional coding-based neural video codecs (NVCs) adopted the inherent reference propagation structure mechanism in temporal context generation with input of propagated adjacent reference feature F_{t-1} and reconstructed MV \hat{v}_t .
2. DCVC-FM has mitigated the error propagation in NVCs by manually switching the input of context generation from the propagated reference feature F_{t-1} to reference frame \hat{x}_{t-1} .

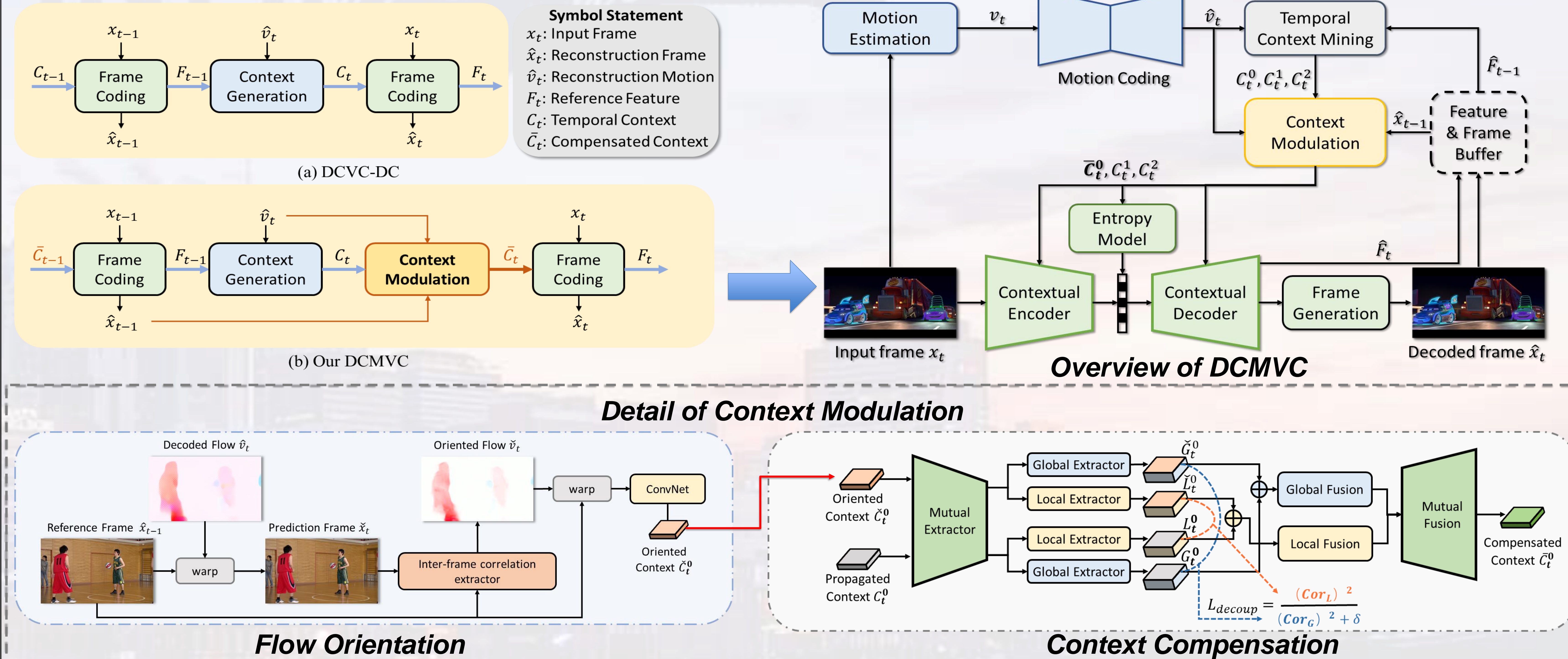
II. Analysis

1. **Reference frame** \hat{x}_{t-1} , constrained by the distortion loss in the rate-distortion (RD) loss function, though contains less information than propagated reference feature F_{t-1} , yet conveys less irrelevant information in the prediction chain.
2. Further exploiting the potential of reference frame \hat{x}_{t-1} in context generation can enhance the reference mechanism, enabling better temporal context modeling.



Visualization of Different temporal contexts

3. Framework (Proposed DCMVC)



4. Experiment Results of Proposed DCMVC

Comparison with SOTA Methods (BD-Rate(%) for RGB-PSNR)

	UVG	MCL-JCV	HEVC B	HEVC C	HEVC D	HEVC E	USTC-TD	Average
IP32								
VTM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DCVC [25]	133.9	106.6	119.6	152.5	110.9	274.8	139.6	148.3
DCVC-TCM [47]	23.1	38.2	32.8	62.1	29.0	75.8	75.3	48.0
DCVC-HEM [26]	-17.2	-1.6	-0.7	16.1	-7.1	20.7	20.6	4.4
SDD [48]	-19.7	-7.1	-13.7	-2.3	-24.9	-8.4	7.7	-9.8
DCVC-DC [27]	-25.9	-14.4	-13.9	-8.8	-27.7	-19.1	10.8	-14.1
DCVC-FM [28]	-20.4	-8.1	-10.3	-8.4	-25.8	-21.9	25.4	-9.9
Our DCMVC	-30.6	-17.3	-14.5	-14.4	-31.6	-28.1	0.4	-19.4
IP-1								
VTM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DCVC [25]	259.5	160.0	212.2	254.8	180.6	858.4	168.2	276.2
DCVC-TCM [47]	61.6	55.5	61.7	99.6	50.4	213.9	90.2	90.4
DCVC-HEM [26]	1.2	4.9	10.0	30.0	-1.1	68.6	27.2	20.1
SDD [48]	-5.5	-0.3	-2.2	16.9	-18.2	46.4	12.3	7.1
DCVC-DC [27]	-21.2	-13.0	-10.8	-0.1	-24.2	-7.7	11.9	-9.3
DCVC-FM [28]	-24.3	-12.5	-11.7	-8.2	-28.5	-26.6	23.9	-12.6
Our DCMVC	-35.6	-22.8	-16.8	-14.8	-34.6	-36.5	1.9	-22.7

Ablation Study

	M_a	M_b	M_c	M_d	M_e	M_f	M_g
Flow orientation	✓			✓	✓		✓
Context compensation			✓	✓	✓		✓
Decoupling loss					✓		✓
Long-sequence training						✓	✓
BD-Rate (%)	0.0	-1.9	-3.5	-4.4	-5.4	-4.3	-10.3

Visualization of Different flows
 Oriented flow \tilde{v}_t , Decoded flow \hat{v}_t , Estimated flow \hat{v}_t

